Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

Table of Contents	PAGE
Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2 - 3
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	4
Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	5
Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets	6
Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses	7
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	8
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	9 - 28
Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure	29 - 30

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Corporation of the Township of Malahide and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

These consolidated financial statements include:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
- Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus
- Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets
- Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses
- Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
- Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
- Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure

The Chief Administrative Officer and the Director of Finance are responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing the consolidated financial statements before they are submitted to Council for approval.

The integrity and reliability of Corporation of the Township of Malahide reporting systems are achieved through the use of formal policies and procedures, the careful selection of employees and an appropriate division of responsibilities. These systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is reliable and accurate.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited on behalf of the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of Corporation of the Township of Malahide by Graham Scott Enns LLP in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards.

Mr. Nathan Dias

Chief Administrative Officer

Mr. Adam Boylan Director of Finance

Aylmer, Ontario July 10, 2025

P. 519-633-0700 • F. 519-633-7009 450 Sunset Drive, St. Thomas, ON N5R 5V1 P. 519-773-9265 • F. 519-773-9683 25 John Street South, Aylmer, ON N5H 2C1

www.grahamscottenns.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants, and Rate Payers of Corporation of the Township of Malahide:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Corporation of the Township of Malahide, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus, consolidated statement of change in net assets, consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses, and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the Municipality's consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Municipality as at December 31, 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



P. 519-633-0700 • F. 519-633-7009 450 Sunset Drive, St. Thomas, ON N5R 5V1 P. 519-773-9265 • F. 519-773-9683 25 John Street South, Aylmer, ON N5H 2C1

www.grahamscottenns.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

St. Thomas, Ontario July 10, 2025 Graham Scott Enns LLP
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
Licensed Public Accountants

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As At December 31, 2024

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	3,979,939	2,393,495
Investments (Note 4)	11,913,070	11,130,346
Taxes receivable (Note 5)	3,425,611	1,608,800
Accounts receivable (Note 6)	1,821,962	2,724,038
Total financial assets	21,140,582	17,856,679
Total linancial assets	21,140,502	17,030,073
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (Note 11)	2,881,930	3,070,164
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,761,019	2,876,353
Net long-term liabilities (Note 9)	2,872,793	3,125,430
	<u> </u>	
Total financial liabilities	8,515,742	9,071,947
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	12,624,840	8,784,732
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Note 8)	46,612,616	47,177,472
Inventories	406,364	229,820
Prepaid expenses	250,124	260,592
r repaid expenses	230,124	200,392
Total non-financial assets	47,269,104	47,667,884
TOTAL NET ASSETS	59,893,944	56,452,616
NET ASSETS IS COMPRISED OF:		
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (NOTE 10)	59,207,306	55,955,288
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS	686,638	497,328
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS	000,038	<u>+71,340</u>
	59,893,944	56,452,616

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	(Note 15)	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$
REVENUES			
Property taxation	8,889,529	9,022,864	8,387,859
Taxation from other governments	819,400	798,626	751,066
User charges, licenses, permits	3,117,279	3,348,906	3,209,344
Local improvement levies and development charges	161,176	197,877	1,052,942
Government transfers:	ŕ	,	
Federal	292,644	293,384	223,399
Provincial	1,810,274	1,971,064	2,077,143
Other municipalities	1,489,177	1,651,434	1,530,710
Investment income	98,246	906,832	454,581
Penalties and interest on taxes	188,000	245,149	183,646
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	-	1,544,606
Other, fines and donations	4,700	6,990	5,960
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible capital assets	<u> </u>	11,968	(98,093)
m . 1	16050 405	40.455.004	10.222.162
Total revenues	16,870,425	18,455,094	19,323,163
EXPENSES			
General government	1,450,202	1,475,815	1,446,200
Fire and police protection	2,448,565	2,507,907	2,429,592
Other protective services	757,674	754,759	602,706
Transportation services	5,567,012	5,386,483	5,951,923
Waterworks and sewer	1,524,599	1,534,489	1,705,731
Garbage collection and disposal	776,296	764,554	766,280
Health services	49,027	42,102	49,305
Recreation and cultural services	1,851,216	1,685,249	1,790,553
Planning and zoning	275,039	373,608	211,264
Agriculture	669,127	<u>678,110</u>	1,017,722
Total expenses (Note 16)	15,368,757	15,203,076	15,971,276
Total expenses (Note 10)	13,300,737	13,203,070	13,9/1,2/0
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	1,501,668	3,252,018	3,351,887
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING			
OF YEAR	55,955,288	55,955,288	52,603,401
VI 12411	<u> </u>	2012001200	22,002,101
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END			
OF YEAR (NOTE 10)	<i>57</i> ,456,956	59,207,306	55,955,288
	<u></u> _		

Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budget (Note 15)	Actual 2024 <u>\$</u>	Actual 2023 <u>\$</u>
ANNUAL SURPLUS	1,501,668	3,252,018	3,351,887
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets Change in inventories and prepaid expenses Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Change in accumulated remeasurement gains	(1,983,716) 2,548,572 - - - - -	(1,983,716) 2,548,572 11,968 - (166,076) (11,968) 189,310	(3,194,362) 3,070,307 - (1,544,606) (239,645) 98,093 472,403
CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	2,066,524	3,840,108	2,014,077
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,784,732	8,784,732	6,770,655
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, END OF YEAR	10,851,256	12,624,840	8,784,732

Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

	2024 	2023 \$
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	497,328	24,925
Unrealized gains (loss) attributable to investments	294,104	472,403
Amounts reclassified to statement of operations through realization of (gain) loss on sale	(104,794)	
Change in accumulated remeasurement gains	<u> 189,310</u>	472,403
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS, END OF YEAR	686,638	497,328
Accumulated remeasurement gains is comprised of: Investments	686,638	497,328

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2024	2023
Annual surplus	3,252,018	3,351,887
Add (deduct) items not involving cash: Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of investments Contributed tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	2,548,572 (104,794) - 92,826	3,070,307 - (1,544,606) 98,093
Change in non-cash assets and liabilities related to operations (Note 16 [b])	5,788,622 (1,384,379)	4,975,681 (954,404)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments Redemption of investments	4,404,243 (2,223,415) 1,630,000	<u>4,021,277</u> (3,618,114)
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	(593,415) (1,983,716) 11,968 (1,971,748)	(3,618,114) (3,194,362) - (3,194,362)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Long-term debt repayment	(252,636)	(244,079)
NET CHANGE IN CASH	1,586,444	(3,035,278)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,393,495	5,428,773
CASH, END OF YEAR	3,979,939	2,393,495

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

The Corporation of the Township of Malahide (the "Municipality") is a municipality in the Province of Ontario. It conducts its operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act, Municipal Affairs Act and related legislation.

1. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

On January 1, 2024, the Municipality adopted accounting policies to conform to new standards issued under Canadian public sector accounting standards. The Municipality adopted the following standards which had the following impact:

• PS 3400 - Revenue - These standard may impact the timing of the revenue reported by the Municipality. There is no impact on the Municipality's financial reporting as a result of the adoption of this standard.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Municipality are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Municipality are as follows:

Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Municipality and which are owned or controlled by the Municipality.

Consolidated Entities

There are no organizations or local boards that are consolidated in these financial statements.

Proportionate Consolidation

The East Elgin Community Complex, a joint local board with the Town of Aylmer, is consolidated on a proportionate basis. Operation of the facility is shared equally between the two municipalities.

The Aylmer Area Secondary Water Supply System and the Port Burwell Area Secondary Water Supply System have been consolidated on a proportionate basis, based upon the water flow used by the Municipality in proportion to the total water flow provided by the joint boards.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Transportation infrastructure	20 to 50 years
Water system infrastructure	15 to 100 years
Wastewater infrastructure	50 to 100 years
Land improvements	10 to 50 years
Buildings	10 to 95 years
Machinery and equipment	2 to 10 years
Vehicles	7 to 20 years

Amortization begins the first month of the year following the year the asset is placed in service and continues to the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Non-Financial Assets (continued)

iii) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

iv) Works of art and cultural and historic assets

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these financial statements.

Deferred Revenue

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs, in the completion of specific work. In addition, certain user charges and fees which have been collected but for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expense are incurred, services preformed.

Accounting for County and School Board Transactions

Although the Municipality collects taxation on behalf of the County of Elgin and the School Boards, the taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the County and the school boards are not reflected in these financial statements.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are recognized in the consolidated financial statements as revenues in the financial period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met including performance and return requirements, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined. Any amount received but restricted is recorded as deferred revenue in accordance with Section 3100 of the Public Sector Accounting Handbook and recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose specified.

In addition, the Municipality periodically receives senior government capital funding in the form of infrastructure grants and receives ongoing funding from both senior levels of government as a result of an allocation of the gas tax funds.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Employee Benefit Plans

The Municipality accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer public sector pension fund, as a defined contribution plan. The OMERS plan specifies the retirement benefits to be received by the employees based on length of service and rates of pay. Employee benefits include post employment benefits. Post employment benefits are subject to actuarial valuations and are accrued in accordance with the projected benefit method, prorated on service and management's best estimate of salary escalation and retirement ages of employees. Any actuarial gains and losses related to past service of employees are amortized over the expected average remaining service period.

Tax Revenues

In 2024 the Municipality received \$9,821,490 (2023 - \$9,138,925) in property tax revenues for municipal purposes. The authority to levy and collect property taxes is established under the Municipal Act 2001, the Assessment Act, the Education Act, and other legislation.

The amount of the total annual property tax levy is determined each year through Council's approval of the annual budget. Municipal tax rates are set annually by Council for each class or type of property, in accordance with legislation and Council-approved policies, in order to raise the revenue required to meet operating budget requirements. Education tax rates are established by the Province each year in order to fund costs of education on a Province-wide basis.

Taxation revenues are recorded at the time billings are issued. Additional property tax revenue can be added throughout the year, related to new properties that become occupied, or that become subject to property tax, after the return of the annual assessment roll used for billing purposes. The Municipality may receive supplementary assessment rolls over the course of the year from MPAC that identify new or omitted assessments. Property taxes for these supplementary/omitted amounts are then billed according to the approved tax rate for the property class.

Taxation revenues in any year may also be reduced as a result of reductions in assessment value rising from assessment and/or tax appeals. Each year, an amount is identified to cover the estimated amount of revenue loss attributable to assessment appeals, tax appeals or other deficiencies in tax revenue (e.g. uncollectible amounts, write-offs, etc.).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment Income

Investment income consists of interest, dividends and realized gains or losses on sale of investments is recognized as revenue in the period when it is earned. Unrealized gains and losses on investments are recognized in the accumulated remeasurement gains and losses until settlement. Once realized, these gains and losses are recognized as revenue or expenses in the consolidated statement of operations. When required by funding government or related Act, investment income earned on deferred revenue is added to the investment and forms part of the deferred revenue balance.

Financial Instruments

The Municipality, upon initial recognition, classifies it's financial instruments into two categories:

- i. fair value or;
- ii. cost or amortized cost;

Long-term debt is initially recorded at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Transaction costs related to the issuance of long-term debt are capitalized and amortized over the term of the debt.

Other financial instruments including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at cost.

Investments are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently measured at fair value with the fair value determined as follows:

- i. Level 1 Fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (in active markets);
- ii. Level 2 Fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- iii. Level 3 Fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset that are not based on observable data (unobservable inputs).

Unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial instruments are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

All financial assets are tested annually for impairment. When financial assets are impaired, impairment losses are recorded in the statement of operations.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Environmental Provisions and Contaminated Sites

The Municipality may be exposed to litigation or other costs of remediation due to contaminated properties in it's jurisdiction. A liability for remediation is recognized in the financial statements when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the standard, the government is responsible for the remediation and a reasonable estimate of the liability can be made. As at December 31, 2024 there were no properties that the Municipality was responsible to remedy and as such no liability has been accrued.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. In addition, the Municipality's implementation of the Public Sector Accounting Handbook PS3150 has required management to make estimates of historical cost and useful lives of tangible capital assets. These estimates and assumptions are based on the best information and judgment and may differ significantly from actual results.

Related Party Transactions

Related parties exist when one party has the ability to control or has shared control over another party. Individuals that are key management personnel or close family members may also be related parties.

Disclosure is made when the transaction or events between related parties occur at a value different from what would have been recorded if they were not related and the transaction could have a material financial impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The Municipality may be exposed to obligations of remediation associated with their tangible capital assets. If a legal obligation exists of remediation for a tangible capital asset then the Municipality would be required to set up an estimated future cost and liability associated with these obligations. As at December 31, 2024 there were no tangible capital assets that Municipality has controlled, constructed, owned or used that would have a legal obligation of remediation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inter-Entity Transactions

Transactions between related parities are recorded at carrying amounts with the exception of the following:

- i. Transactions in the normal course of business or with fair consideration are recorded at exchange amount;
- ii. Transfer of an asset or liability at nominal amounts or no consideration are recorded by the provider at carrying amounts and the recipient has the choice or either carrying amount or fair value;
- iii. Cost allocations are reported using the exchange amounts and revenues and expenses are reported on a gross basis;
- iv. Unallocated costs for the provision of goods or services maybe recorded by the provider at cost, fair value or another amount dictated by policy, accountability structure or budget practice.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISKS

Risks and Concentrations

The Municipality is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Municipality's risk exposure and concentrations at the balance sheet date.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Municipality is mainly exposed to interest and price risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Municipality is exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed rate long-term debt. As the interest rates are fixed the Municipality doesn't believe that interest rate risk is a significant risk.

Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Municipality is exposed to price risk through its investments in quoted One Fund investments. The following details the Municipality's portfolio sensitivity to a 1.0% increase or decrease in the market prices. At December 31, 2024, if market prices had a 1% increase or decrease with all other variables remaining the same the increase or decrease in accumulated remeasurement gains and losses on the investments for the year would have totaled \$119,000 (2023 - \$105,000).

It is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant currency risk.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that a Municipality will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Municipality is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable, accrued liabilities and long-term debt. The Municipality doesn't believe that liquidity risk is a significant risk.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISKS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Municipality's main credit risks relate to its accounts receivable and taxes receivable. The Municipality manages this risk by monitoring active receivable balances and forces tax sale on properties considered unrecoverable.

At year end, the Municipality had approximately \$169,000 (2023 - \$196,000) in trade accounts receivable over 90 days of which the Municipality has deemed no allowance is necessary. The balances of taxes and utility receivables (water and sewer) are normally collectible from the property owner and the Municipality is able to force tax sale on properties to recover. In some instances the property owner may challenge property values which will in impact future recovery of taxes and potential repayments to the property owners. The Municipality actively monitors these assessment challenges and provides provisions when reasonable estimates can be made. At year end the Municipality has provided an allowance of \$nil (2023 - \$nil) for these assessment challenges and \$19,649 (2023 - \$11,227) in potential uncollectible tax assessments.

4. INVESTMENTS

	2024		202	23
	Cost \$	Market \$	Cost	Market\$
One pooled bond securities funds One pooled equity securities funds One pooled high interest savings funds Consolidated - One pooled bond	5,101,339 2,962,261 2,196,480 966,347	5,048,282 3,693,990 2,196,480 974,318	5,486,769 2,803,888 1,600,000 742,639	5,314,462 3,483,244 1,600,000 732,640
,	11,226,427	11,913,070	10,633,296	11,130,346

During the year, the Municipality earned \$724,631 (2023 - \$257,964) of income in the investments and reported unrealized gain of \$294,104 (2023 - loss of \$472,403) on the schedule of remeasurement gains (losses) and a realized gain (loss) of \$104,794 (2023 - gain (loss) of \$nil) on the statement of operations.

All of the above investments are valued as Level 1 investments.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

5.	TAXES RECEIVABLE		
		2024	2023
	Current taxes receivable	2,380,116	853,611
	Arrears taxes receivable	851,249	593,680
	Penalties and interest	213,895	172,736
	Allowance for doubtful accounts	(19,649)	(11,227)
		3,425,611	1,608,800
6.	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
		2024	2023
			\$
	Accounts receivable - trade and other	485,350	423,019
	Government grants and funding - municipal, provincial, federal	490,533	1,021,646

7. LINE OF CREDIT

Water and sewer receivables

Government remittances

Drainage debentures, receivables and grants receivable

The Municipality has available \$1,500,000 line of credit with the Royal Bank of Canada. Interest is at prime less 0.5%. At year end, the balance drawn on this facility was \$nil (2023 - \$nil).

386,503

282,897

176,679

1,821,962

298,947

665,362 315,064

2,724,038

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

8. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

December 31, 2024 Cost	Opening	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Ending
<u>Infrastructure</u>				
Transportation infrastructure	48,465,459	1,545,600	-	50,011,059
Water system infrastructure	7,532,623	124,412	-	7,657,035
Wastewater system infrastructure	3,969,627	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	3,969,627
Infrastructure Total	59,967,709	1,670,012		61,637,721
<u>General</u>				
Land	747,882	-	-	747,882
Land improvements	4,818,978	-	-	4,818,978
Buildings	15,567,111	41,164	-	15,608,275
Machinery and equipment	3,300,854	146,722	(52,607)	3,394,969
Vehicles	7,224,856	66,437	(78,586)	7,212,707
General Total	31,659,681	254,323	(131,193)	31,782,811
Work in Progress	158,400	85,789	(26,408)	217,781
Total Cost	91,785,790	2,010,124	(157,601)	93,638,313
Accumulated Amortization			Disposals and	
<u>Infrastructure</u>	Opening	Amortization	Adjustments	Ending
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27 000 640	4 222 702		
Transportation infrastructure	27,899,640	1,233,782	-	29,133,422
Water system infrastructure	2,127,266	120,384	-	2,247,650
Wastewater system infrastructure	909,875	39,778		949,653
Infrastructure Total	30,936,781	1,393,944		32,330,725
General	1.000.200	122 (20		2 004 006
Land improvements	1,869,266	132,630	-	2,001,896
Buildings	5,269,481	404,727	(52 (07)	5,674,208
Machinery and equipment Vehicles	2,319,453	205,550	(52,607)	2,472,396
	4,213,337	411,721	(78,586)	4,546,472
General Total	13,671,537	1,154,628	(131,193)	14,694,972
Total Accumulated Amortization	44,608,318	2,548,572	(131,193)	47,025,697
Net Book Value	Opening			Ending
<u>Infrastructure</u>	20.565.010			20.055 (25
Transportation infrastructure	20,565,819			20,877,637
Water system infrastructure Wastewater system infrastructure	5,405,357			5,409,385
wastewater system intrastructure	3,059,752		_	3,019,974
General	29,030,928			29,306,996
Land	747,882			747,882
Land improvements	2,949,712			2,817,082
Buildings	10,297,630			9,934,067
Machinery and equipment	981,401			922,573
Vehicles	3,011,519			2,666,235
	17,988,144		_	17,087,839
Work in progress	158,400			217,781
			_	
Total Net Book Value	47,177,472			46,612,616

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

8. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2023 Cost	Opening	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Ending
<u>Infrastructure</u>				
Transportation infrastructure	47,035,914	1,682,609	(253,064)	48,465,459
Water system infrastructure	5,363,936	2,177,838	(9,151)	7,532,623
Wastewater system infrastructure	3,969,627	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,969,627
Infrastructure Total	56,369,477	3,860,447	(262,215)	59,967,709
<u>General</u>				
Land	747,882	-	-	747,882
Land improvements	4,854,376	79,529	(114,927)	4,818,978
Buildings	15,507,828	59,283	-	15,567,111
Machinery and equipment	3,220,060	195,933	(115,139)	3,300,854
Vehicles	6,664,328	560,528		7,224,850
General Total	30,994,474	895,273	(230,066)	31,659,681
Work in progress	175,151	45,420	(62,171)	158,400
Total Cost	87,539,102	4,801,140	(554,452)	91,785,790
Accumulated Amortization			Disposals and	
<u>Infrastructure</u>	Opening	Amortization	Adjustments	Ending
	26.520.690	1 565 071	(10(120)	27 900 (40
Transportation infrastructure Water system infrastructure	26,530,689	1,565,071 318,249	(196,120) (5,796)	27,899,640
Wastewater system infrastructure	1,814,813 870,206	39,669	(3,790)	2,127,266 909,875
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(201.01()	
Infrastructure Total General	29,215,708	1,922,989	(201,916)	30,936,781
Land improvements	1,818,816	129,934	(79,484)	1,869,266
Buildings	4,867,260	402,221	(79,404)	5,269,481
Machinery and equipment	2,232,628	199,612	(112,787)	2,319,453
Vehicles	3,797,786	415,551	(112,707)	4,213,33
General Total	12,716,490	1,147,318	(192,271)	13,671,537
Total Accumulated Amortization	41,932,198	3,070,307	(394,187)	44,608,318
Net Book Value	Opening	_		Ending
Infrastructure	Opening			Ending
Transportation infrastructure	20,505,225			20,565,819
Water system infrastructure	3,549,123			5,405,357
Wastewater system infrastructure	3,099,421			3,059,752
,	27,153,769		_	29,030,928
General	27,133,703			25,000,520
Land	747,882			747,882
Land improvements	3,035,560			2,949,712
Buildings	10,640,568			10,297,630
Machinery and equipment	987,432			981,401
Vehicles	2,866,542		_	3,011,519
	18,277,984			17,988,144
Work in progress	175,151			158,400

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

9. NET LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

a) The balance of net long-term liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position consists of the following:

Ç	2024	2023
Ontario Infrastructure and Loans Corporation, 4.0 repayable in annual payments of \$108,409, due September 2025		206,246
Ontario Infrastructure and Loans Corporation, 3.2 repayable in monthly payments of \$12,421, du February 2039	-	1,781,699
Ontario Infrastructure and Loans Corporation, 2.8 repayable in semi-annual payments of \$41,025 May 2041		1,129,035
Ontario Infrastructure and Loans Corporation, 2.7 repayable in semi-annual payments of \$4,312, in year		8,450
Total long-term liabilities at the end of the year	2,872,793	3,125,430
Principal repayments are summarized as follows:		
Developme	ent Tax User	

	Development Charges	Tax Revenue	User Charges	Total
2025	49,305	203,513	-	252,818
2026	52,622	99,630	-	152,252
2027	56,163	100,865	-	157,028
2028	59,941	102,012	-	161,953
2029	63,974	103,061	-	167,035
Beyond	828,532	1,153,175		1,981,707
Total	1,110,537	1,762,256		2,872,793

c) Interest expense on long-term liabilities in 2024 amounted to \$95,504 (2023 - \$104,424).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

10. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

The accumulated surplus consists of individual fund surplus and reserves as follows:

SURPLUS General revenue fund Consolidated water boards reserves Consolidated East Elgin Community Centre Complex reserve Benefiting land owners Invested in tangible capital assets Cemetery care and maintenance Reserves	2024 \$ 876,040 1,094,020 122,186 (433,627) 46,612,616 7,261 13,801,603	2023 \$ (18,674) 934,998 101,958 (290,896) 47,177,472 7,261 11,168,599
AMOUNTS TO BE RECOVERED Net long-term debt ACCUMULATED SURPLUS RESERVES	62,080,099 (2,872,793) 59,207,306	59,080,718 (3,125,430) 55,955,288
Reserves set aside for specific purposes by council: Working capital Contingencies Roadway purposes Water and sewer purposes Asset replacement purposes Other municipal services Total reserves	1,348,238 402,160 289,303 1,541,873 9,846,858 373,171	1,348,238 402,160 415,577 1,195,736 7,438,411 368,477 11,168,599

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

11. DEFERRED REVENUE - OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

A requirement of the public sector accounting principles of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place as provincial legislation restricts how these funds may be used and under certain circumstances these funds may possibly be refunded. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds of the Municipality are summarized below:

	2024	2023
		\$
Development charges and parkland	861,862	700,479
Canada Community Building Fund	1,213,038	1,177,278
OCIF	206,408	548,828
Building department funds	576,068	625,326
Other	24,554	18,252
	<u>2,881,930</u>	3,070,163

12. PENSION AGREEMENTS

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Each year, an independent actuary determines the funding status of OMERS Primary Pension Plan (the Plan) by comparing the actuarial value of invested assets to the estimated present value of all pension benefits the members have earned to date. The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan was conducted December 31, 2024, and the results of this valuation disclosed actuarial liabilities of \$142.5 billion in respect of benefits accrued for service with actuarial assets at that date of \$139.6 billion leaving an actuarial deficit of \$2.9 billion.

Since any surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees, the Municipality does not recognize any share of the OMERS Pension surplus or deficit in these consolidated financial statements.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2024 was \$310,000 (2023 - \$248,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

13. OPERATIONS OF THE SCHOOL BOARDS AND COUNTY OF ELGIN

Requisitions were made by the School Boards and the County of Elgin requiring the Municipality to collect taxes and payments in lieu of property taxes on their behalf. The amounts collected and remitted are summarized below:

	School		School		
	Boards	County	Boards	County	
	2024 	2024 <u>\$</u>	2023 	2023 	
Taxation Share of payments in lieu of taxes	2,224,122 35,943	8,033,355 712,160	2,204,803 35,818	7,450,511 874,506	
Amounts requisitioned	2,260,065	8,745,515	2,240,621	8,325,017	

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

From time to time, the Municipality is subject to claims and lawsuits that arise in the ordinary course of business. These claims may be covered by the Municipality's insurance up to a maximum amount per occurrence. In the opinion of management, any litigation, if successful would not have a material impact on the financial position of the Municipality.

Estimated costs to settle claims are based on available information and projections of estimated future expenses developed based on the Municipality's historical experience. Claims are reported as an operating expense in the year of the loss, where the costs are deemed to be likely and can be reasonable determined. Claim provisions are reported as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

15. BUDGET FIGURES

The operating budget approved by the council of the Municipality for 2024 is reflected on the consolidated statement of operations. Budget figures have been reclassified for the purposes of these financial statements to comply with PSAB reporting requirements. These adjustments include reserve transfers, capital expenditures, amortization and debt financing and repayment.

	Approved		PSAB
	Budget	Adjustments	Budget
	\$	\$	\$
REVENUES			
Property taxation	8,889,529	-	8,889,529
Taxation from other governments	819,400	-	819,400
User charges	2,369,651	747,628	3,117,279
Local improvement levies	6,372	154,804	161,176
Government transfers			
Federal	-	292,644	292,644
Provincial	978,700	831,574	1,810,274
Other municipalities	1,283,229	205,948	1,489,177
Investment income	40,000	58,246	98,246
Penalties and interest on taxes	188,000	-	188,000
Other	4,700		4,700
Total revenues	14,579,581	2,290,844	16,870,425
EXPENSES			
General government	1,420,572	29,630	1,450,202
Fire and police protection	2,141,682	306,883	2,448,565
Other protective services	697,311	60,363	757,674
Transportation services	4,137,748	1,429,264	5,567,012
Waterworks and sewers	1,426,081	98,518	1,524,599
Garbage collection and disposal	776,296	-	776,296
Health services	49,027	-	49,027
Recreation and cultural services	943,529	907,687	1,851,216
Planning and zoning	266,062	8,977	275,039
Agriculture	164,816	504,311	669,127
Reserve transfers and long-term debt proceeds	2,556,457	(2,556,457)	
Total expenses	14,579,581	<u>789,176</u>	15,368,757
BUDGETED ANNUAL SURPLUS		1,501,668	1,501,668

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

16. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:		
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
[a] Current fund expenditures by object:		
Contracted services	4,755,329	4,944,897
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	4,840,681	4,537,800
Amortization	2,548,572	3,070,307
Materials	2,774,656	3,140,106
Transfer to others	188,334	173,742
Long-term debt interest	95,504	104,424
	<u>15,203,076</u>	15,971,276
[b] Change in non-cash assets and liabilities related to operations:		
Taxes receivable	(1,816,811)	(435,555)
Accounts receivable	902,076	(1,375,017)
Inventories and prepaid expenses	(166,076)	(239,645)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(115,334)	546,963
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds	(188,234)	548,850
	(1,384,379)	(954,404)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Municipality is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens, including contract police services, fire, roads, community services, water and sewer. For management reporting purposes the Municipality's operations and activities are organized and reported by Fund. Funds were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The Municipality services are provided by departments and their activities are reported in these funds. Certain departments that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provided, are as follows:

General government

General government is comprised of municipal council, corporate management and program support.

Protection services

Protection services are comprised of the fire, police, conservation authority, building inspection and animal control, emergency measures and provincial offences.

Transportation services

Transportation services are comprised of roads, bridges, winter control, parking and street lighting.

Environmental services

Environmental services are comprised of the provision of safe drinking water, the collection and treatment of waste water and waste collection, disposal and recycling.

Health services

Health services are comprised of public health services and cemeteries.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Recreation and cultural services

Recreation and cultural services are comprised of parks, recreation programs, recreation and community facilities, and cultural services.

Planning and development

Planning and development is comprised of planning and zoning, commercial and industrial development, economic development and tourism, and agricultural and reforestation.

For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. The General Revenue Fund reports on municipal services that are funded primarily by taxation such as property and business tax revenues. Taxation and payments-in-lieu of taxes are apportioned to General Revenue Fund services based on the Fund's net surplus. Certain government transfers, transfer from other funds, and other revenues have been apportioned based on a percentage of budgeted expenses.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 1. For additional information see the Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure.

Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

REVENUES	General Government	Protection Services	Transportation l Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Recreation Services	Planning and Development Services \$	Total \$
Taxation and local improvements	2,450,568	2,417,193	2,910,049	753,296	49,027	871,179	370,178	9,821,490
Sales of services and regulatory fees	112,082	357,876		2,249,612	-	516,794	83,006	3,348,906
Government transfers	915,100	138,861	2,503,817	152,156	-	205,948	-	3,915,882
Other	1,093,735	136,601	2,303,617	65,236	-	43,073	154,804	1,356,848
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible capital	1,073,733	_	_	03,230	_	43,073	134,004	1,550,040
assets			11,968					11,968
	4,571,485	2,913,930	5,455,370	3,220,300	49,027	1,636,994	607,988	18,455,094
EXPENSES								
Salaries, wages and employees benefits	1,080,210	988,678	1,782,317	118,517	1,708	566,370	302,881	4,840,681
Long-term debt interest	- · ·	58,919	174	<u>-</u>	-	36,411	-	95,504
Materials	102,692	325,402	1,456,204	129,568	27,386	699,538	33,866	2,774,656
Contracted services, rents and financial	263,283	1,299,428		1,806,433	12,399	73,511	705,666	4,755,329
External transfers	-	188,334		-	-	-	-	188,334
Amortization	29,630	401,905	1,553,179	244,524	609	309,419	9,306	2,548,572
	1,475,815	3,262,666	5,386,483	2,299,042	42,102	1,685,249	1,051,719	15,203,076
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	3,095,670	(348,736)	68,887	921,258	6,925	(48,255)	(443,731)	3,252,018

Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES	General Government	Protection Services	Transportation I Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Recreation Services	Planning and Development Services	Total \$
Taxation and local improvements	2,329,538	1,933,333	3,521,101	391,351	48,410	728,203	186,989	9,138,925
Sales of services and regulatory fees	68,896	393,477	64,602	2,096,933	900	501,362	83,174	3,209,344
Government transfers				1,023,473				3,831,252
Other	974,518	40,955	1,504,562		-	287,744		
	594,419	105,391	-	1,594,374	-	47,346	900,205	3,241,735
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible capital assets		(37,795)	(56,944)	(3,354)				(98,093)
	3,967,371	2,435,361	5,033,321	5,102,777	49,310	1,564,655	1,170,368	19,323,163
EXPENSES								
Salaries, wages and employees benefits	1,081,228	849,698	1,690,353	124,963	1,545	611,263	178,750	4,537,800
Long-term debt interest	-	59,670	401	_	_	43,992		104,424
Materials	147,242	305,110	1,715,590	172,094	31,321	759,261	9,488	3,140,106
Contracted services, rents and financial	187,396	1,235,956	667,626	1,734,928	15,832	75,773	,	4,944,897
External transfers	-	173,742	-	-	-	-	-	173,742
Amortization	30,334	408,122	1,877,952	440,026	607	300,264	13,002	3,070,307
	1,446,200	3,032,298	5,951,922	2,472,011	49,305	1,790,553	1,228,987	15,971,276
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	2,521,171	(596,937)	(918,601)	2,630,766	5	(225,898)	(58,619)	3,351,887